

# Report on CA 17136 INDAIRPOLLNET 2<sup>nd</sup> ECIs' Training School, May 24-26<sup>th</sup>, 2022, Hungary

The second early career investigator's (ECIs) training school of Cost Action 17136 has been organized in Hungary between May 24-26<sup>th</sup>, 2022 as a joint venture of ELTE – Eötvös Loránd University, Budapest, Hungary, Markes International (vendor of air pollution oriented analytical instrumentation based in the UK) and its Hungarian distributor, Kromat Ltd., as well as FEPTEST laboratories (Székesfehérvár, Hungary). The three trainers were Caroline Widdowson (Markes), Viktor G. Mihucz (ELTE & WG4 leader of CA 17136) and Anikó Vasanits (ELTE). The rationale of involving other institutions than ELTE to this training relied on the initial idea to divide the training into three parts cf. theoretical training, hands-on activities at a GMP laboratory equipped with modern equipment for characterization of indoor air organic and inorganic pollutants as well as evaluation of the acquired knowledge. Moreover, linkage between indoor and outdoor air pollution was established by including a visit to the research facilities of BpART - Budapest platform for Aerosol Research and Training operating at Institute of Chemistry of ELTE under the leadership of Imre Salma, Dsc. Therefore, Day 1 and Day 3 activities were performed at ELTE, while Day 2 activities were run at FEPTEST GMP laboratory in Székesfehérvár. On day 1, ECIs were introduced to traditional indoor air analysis as well as novel tendencies in determining organic pollutants with special emphasis on thermal desorption gas chromatography – mass spectrometry (TD-GC-MS) by Caroline Widdowson. In the second half of Day 1, ECIs were shown through presentations delivered by Viktor G. Mihucz how to carry out a multicomponent indoor air quality sampling campaign as well as theory of inductively coupled plasma mass spectrometry (ICP-MS) suitable for determination of chemical elements in fine fractions of particulate matter. On Day 2, practical demonstration on the operation of TD-GC-MS and ICP-MS has been showed to ECIs split into two groups with the help of Paul Morris (Markes) and Réka Józsa & Erika Seres (FEPTEST), respectively. Involvement of FEPTEST staff was necessary due to the GMP requirements of the hosting laboratory. On Day 3, besides the visit to BpART, ECIs were engaged in performing calculations using data collected on Day 2 offering them the possibility to discuss about the acquired knowledge, reporting and performing peer feedback under the guidance of Anikó Vasanits (ELTE). Day 3 was closed inviting ECIs to give their feedback on the agenda and activities performed. The availability of Markes International, Kromat Ltd. and FEPTEST laboratory is, hereby, kindly acknowledged.

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**Viktor G. Mihucz** CA 17136 leader of workgroup on analytical instrumentation for indoor air pollution (WG4)

#### Annexes

I. Pictures taken during the training

II. Agenda of CA 17136 INDAIRPOLLNET 2nd ECIs' Training School, May 24-26<sup>th</sup>, 2022, Hungary

III. Quiz performed on Day 3.

IV. Five finger method feedback instructions, transcript of the feedbacks as well as scanned feedbacks.

I. Pictures taken during training



Caroline Widdowson (Markes) presenting at ELTE



ICP-MS training at FEPTEST Laboratory in Székesfehérvár



Group picture in Székesfehérvár



Group work at ELTE on Day 3

## II. CA 17136 INDAIRPOLLNET 2<sup>nd</sup> ECIs' Training School, May 24-26<sup>th</sup>, 2022, Hungary

Venue: ELTE – E	Eötvös Loránd University, Lágymányos Campus, H-1117 Budapest,
Pázmány Péter	sétány 1/A, Faculty Boardroom, 7 <sup>th</sup> floor, 7.18 (see pics at the end)
9:00 - 9:05	Victor G. Mihucz (ELTE): Welcome address & Brief introduction of ELTE –
	Eötvös Loránd University
9:05 – 9:15	Victor G. Mihucz (on behalf of Nicola Carslaw): Overview on the CA17136
	INDAIRPOLLNET Cost Action
9:15 – 9:45	Introduction of the trainees and trainers & Icebreaker activity: Whodunit?
9:45 – 11:15	Caroline Widdowson (Markes): Introduction to traditional Indoor Air
	analysis:
	The theory of Thermal Desorption
	Overview of Sampling Techniques & Strategy
11:15 – 11:30	Coffee Break 1.
11:30 – 13:00	Caroline Widdowson (Markes): Data Analysis
	<ul> <li>Emerging contaminants – PFAS, Microplastics, SVOCs.</li> </ul>
	What next? (Online, NRT, etc.)
13:00 – 14:00	Light lunch 1.
14:00 – 14:15	Optional visit to the Instrumental Analysis laboratories of the Institute of
	Chemistry, ELTE with Victor G. Mihucz
14:15 – 15:30	Victor G. Mihucz (ELTE): Challenges and opportunities for performing an
	indoor air sampling campaign: the OFFICAIR EU project approach
15:30 – 15:45	Break & Group picture
15:45 – 16:45	Victor G. Mihucz (ELTE): Elemental characterization of PM <sub>2.5</sub> indoors by
	inductively coupled plasma mass spectrometry (ICP-MS)
16:45 – 17:00	Closure of Day 1 & Instructions for Day 2

Day 1, Tuesday, May 24<sup>th</sup>, 2022

## Day 2, Wednesday, May 25<sup>th</sup>, 2022

Venue: FEPTES	Venue: FEPTEST Laboratories, H-8000 Székesfehérvár, Bakony utca 4.					
Departure at 8:0	Departure at 8:07 AM from Kelenföld Railway Station (terminus of subway Line N° 4) by train					
9:15 – 9:30 Arri	val to FEPTEST Laboratories, split in	nto two groups & visit of the				
laboratories with	n Mr. Soma Szabó					
	Group A	Group B				
9:30 – 11:30	Paul Morris (Markes) & FEPTEST:	Réka Józsa & Erika Seres (FEPTEST)				
	Training on TD-GC/MS	& Victor G. Mihucz (ELTE): Training				
		on ICP-MS				
11:30 – 11:45	Coffee break 2 provided by FEPTES	ST Laboratories				
11:45 – 13:00	Practical training on TD-GC/MS	Practical training on ICP-MS				
13:00 – 14:00	Light lunch 2. (package with 1 sand	dwich & 1 drink provided by ELTE)				
	Group A	Group B				
14:00-17:00	Réka Józsa & Erika Seres	Paul Morris (Markes) & FEPTEST:				
	(FEPTEST) & Victor G. Mihucz	Training on TD-GC/MS				
	(ELTE): Training on ICP-MS					
17:00- 18:00	Optional visit to the downtown of Székesfehérvár (on foot) & travel					
	back to Budapest by train (trains available until late evening, e.g., 9 PM)					

## Day 3, Thursday, May 26<sup>th</sup>, 2022

Venue: ELTE – E	ötvös Loránd University, Lágymányos Campus, H-1117 Budapest,					
Pázmány Péter	Pázmány Péter sétány 1/A, Faculty Boardroom, 7 <sup>th</sup> floor, 7.18					
9:15 – 9:30	Caroline Widdowson (Markes) & Anikó Vasanits (ELTE): Introduction to					
	Day 3 activities: split into 4 groups: 2 working later on TD-GC-MS					
	(Groups X & X+1), the other 2 on ICP-MS (Groups Y & Y+1)					
9:30 – 10:00	Imre Salma (ELTE): Visit of Group 1 to Budapest platform for Aerosol					
	Research and Training ( <b>BpART</b> ) ( <u>http://salma.web.elte.hu/BpArt/</u> )					
10:00 – 10:30	Imre Salma (ELTE): Visit of Group 2 to Budapest platform for Aerosol					
	Research and Training ( <b>BpART</b> ) ( <u>http://salma.web.elte.hu/BpArt/</u> )					
10:30 – 10:45	Coffee break 2.					
10:45 – 12:00	Group work on the acquired knowledge on TD-GC-MS (Groups 1 & 2) &					
	ICP-MS (Groups 3 & 4): What is in the sample? & Where is the sample					
	from? & Create a presentation (Groups X and Y, trainee's choice)					
12:00 – 13:00	Light lunch 3.					
13:00 – 13:15	Trainee representative of Group X: Report back on TD-GC-MS					
13:15 – 13:20	Peer feedback from Group X+1					
13:20 – 13:35	Trainee representative of Group Y: Report back on ICP-MS					
13:35 – 13:40	Peer feedback from Group Y+1					
13:40 – 13:55	Trainees' five finger feedback					
13:55 – 14:00	Closure of training school					





## III. CA 17136 INDAIRPOLLNET 2<sup>nd</sup> ECIs' Training School, May 24-26<sup>th</sup>, 2022, Hungary

QUIZ

#### Part A. TD-GC/MS Task

Below is the data gathered from yesterday's sampling of either the indoor or outdoor air sample. In addition, the toluene calibration data is given. The objective of this task is to create a calibration graph and then semi-quantitate the air concentration (in toluene equivalents) of the compounds in the given sample.

From this data make an informed decision on whether this is the Indoor or outdoor air sample.

The group chosen to present must talk through the process they used to quantitate and justify their rational for choosing the sampling location.

**Toluene Calibration** 

Mass of Toluene (ng/mL)	Peak Area

#### Sample Data

Compound name	Retention time (min)	Match Factor	Peak Area

#### Part B. Inductively coupled plasma mass spectrometry (ICP-MS) tasks

**1.** Indoor and outdoor  $PM_{2.5}$  samples were monitored continuously for one week by a researcher group in China, in order to identify the sources of indoor  $PM_{2.5}$  and to check which factors influence the concentration of indoor  $PM_{2.5}$  and chemical elements in residential houses in Beijing.

Table 1. Comparison of indoor and outdoor concentrations of PM<sub>2.5</sub> and elements in smoking and non-smoking houses (median) in the non-heating season (NHS) and heating season (HS).

Constituents	Smoking in NHS		Non-Sr	noking in	Smoki	ng in HS	Non-Sm	oking in HS
	(N	=10)	NHS	(N=37)	(N	=10)	(N	<b>I</b> =37)
	Indoor	Outdoor	Indoor	Outdoor	Indoor	Outdoor	Indoor	Outdoor
PM <sub>2.5</sub> (μg/m <sup>3</sup> )	66.9	59.0	53.5	70.6	129.3	72.0	54.6	91.8
Al (ng/m <sup>3</sup> )	479.1	731.3	444.9	532.2	317.1	551.5	306.0	561.0
As (ng/m <sup>3</sup> )	17.05	0.13	2.97	1.21	32.58	31.37	16.37	22.37
Ca (ng/m <sup>3</sup> )	459.6	284.3	272.3	370.1	220.4	459.4	335.5	630.9
Cd (ng/m <sup>3</sup> )	2.64	1.34	1.80	2.10	3.93	1.55	1.34	2.20
Cu (ng/m <sup>3</sup> )	18.61	23.06	22.76	30.31	25.26	38.98	20.44	38.15
Fe (ng/m <sup>3</sup> )	990	1578	726	905	673	785	575.6	1852
K (ng/m <sup>3</sup> )	923	846	892	1158	1277	1193	962.1	1391
Mg (ng/m³)	190.0	151.4	160.4	201.2	149.7	215.9	170.7	279.9
Mn (ng/m³)	40.38	48.69	39.07	53.26	28.66	42.60	31.09	71.61
Na (ng/m³)	428.5	376.4	388.7	472.4	492.1	593.8	455.5	700
Pb (ng/m³)	112.4	114.9	105.6	140.5	85.17	98.72	107.9	163.9
Se (ng/m <sup>3</sup> )	5.21	4.21	3.86	5.54	1.44	3.91	2.48	5.09
Ti (ng/m³)	1.15	1.12	1.11	1.31	0.74	0.88	0.72	1.16
V (ng/m <sup>3</sup> )	2.10	2.43	1.71	2.43	1.80	2.09	1.22	2.40
Zn (ng/m <sup>3</sup> )	254.3	189.8	229.3	271.5	144.6	185.2	218.2	333.0

Elements	F1	F2	F3	F4	F5
Al				0.71	
As					0.83
Ca			0.92		
Cd	0.72				0.56
Cu	0.60	0.53			
Fe	0.89				
K		0.72			
Mg			0.54	0.61	
Mn	0.74	0.45			
Na				0.74	
Pb		0.78			
Se		0.78			
TI		0.82			
V	0.78				
Zn			0.86		
Eigenvalue	5.02	2.32	1.98	1.12	1.07
% of variance	21.55	21.28	13.80	11.37	8.79
Cumulative %	21.55	42.82	56.62	68.00	76.78
Possible source type	Combustion	Α	Indoor cooking	В	C

Table 2. Factor analysis for indoor PM<sub>2.5</sub> (all seasons).

Based on these results, a factor analysis was performed in order to identify the possible source types of indoor PM<sub>2.5</sub>. Five factors (F1-F5) were extracted from indoor elements data in PM<sub>2.5</sub>, which explained about 76.8% of the total variance. Pair the missing source types with the letter of the following alternative source types:

1, Indoor smoking:

2, Dust and soil:

3, Motor vehicles and combustion:

**2. Aluminium is a monoisotopic element (<sup>27</sup>Al, 100% abundance).** Possible polyatomic interferences for determination of Al by ICP-MS analysis are, for example,  ${}^{12}C^{15}N^+$ ,  ${}^{13}C^{14}N^+$ ,  ${}^{1}H^{12}C^{14}N^+$ . Below is the data gathered from yesterday's measurement. Plot the calibration curve *cf.* [CPS(Al)/CPS(ISTD)] vs. concentration. Do not forget the blank subtraction.

Concentration (µg/L)	<sup>27</sup> AI [No Gas ]	<sup>27</sup> Al [He ]	<sup>45</sup> Sc (ISTD) [No Gas]	<sup>45</sup> Sc (ISTD) [He]
Sample	CPS	CPS	CPS	CPS
Calibration blank	66041.40	86.50	4233142.37	61184.38
1	80653.34	106.46	4111803.58	61555.24
2	135333.65	206.26	4075031.92	59353.66
10	614738.04	928.21	4017542.00	60576.24
50	3004003.84	5134.18	4149404.63	63403.15
100	5875823.71	9937.22	4316435.37	66684.57
250	14862909.98	25302.59	4297478.70	67352.97
500	30039036.03	51203.51	4337585.88	68633.86
Procedural blank	871096.50	1583.64	5060444.86	83861.74
HI_37_17_WS	521972.09	921.55	4674174.48	80695.68
HI_37_18_WS	425077.26	861.67	4529705.29	80693.20
HI_37_19_WS	456068.10	901.59	5068984.56	87325.45
HI_37_17_MW	11261029.90	22583.43	4927666.87	91514.31
HI_37_18_MW	16784891.90	33896.74	4909668.08	93003.55
HI_37_19_MW	9700585.53	20031.25	4909270.44	93395.76

CPS = counts per second; ISTD = Internal standard.

#### Additional data for calculation

Teflon membrane filter code	PM mass [µg]	Sampling Environment	PM Fraction	filter mass (g)	<b>MW</b> fraction (g)	<b>W</b> ater <b>-S</b> oluble fraction (g)
HI_37_17	1113.0	Industrial	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	0.1266	0.0628	0.0630
HI_37_18	1208.5	Industrial	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	0.1302	0.0677	0.0627
HI_37_19	1199.2	Industrial	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	0.1267	0.0621	0.0652

#### Calculation of the total element concentration (mg/kg)

 $c = c_{solution} \times V_{solution} \times \frac{m_{Teflon \ membrane, \ total}}{m_{Teflon \ membrane \ filter, MW \ or \ WS}} \times \frac{1}{m_{PM2.5, \ total \ microbalance}}$ 

 $V_{solution} = 5 mL$ 

**3. Problem space**: Human beings, for example, vulnerable groups such as the elderly, infants and people with chronic diseases, spend about 90 per cent of their time in enclosed spaces, most of which are in buildings with limited space and inadequate indoor environmental quality that can lead to fatigue and other adverse health symptoms.

Element	concentrati	ion (mg/kg)	
		water-	Crustal rock
symbol	<i>pseudo</i> total	soluble	composition (mg/kg)
Cd	8.5 ± 0.4	3.09 ± 0.01	0.2
Со	30.6 ± 7.9	1.80 ± 0.04	25
Cr	1292 ± 49	22.6 ± 5.6	100
Cu	241 ± 80	63.4 ± 12.3	55
Fe	148910 ± 10018	144 ± 24	50000
Mn	1926 ± 267	45.7 ± 2.0	950
Мо	<loq< td=""><td>5.9 ± 1.1</td><td>n.a.</td></loq<>	5.9 ± 1.1	n.a.
Ni	936 ± 171	40.6 ± 5.9	75
Pb	439 ± 146	81.7 ± 11.4	13
Rb	2050 ± 15	29.7 ± 0.4	90
Sb	95.5 ± 15.5	39.1 ± 1.3	0.2
Sn	<loq< td=""><td>46.4 ± 2.0</td><td>n.a.</td></loq<>	46.4 ± 2.0	n.a.
Sr	563 ± 16	64.6 ± 5.3	375
V	858 ± 3.7	33.7 ± 0.1	135
Zn	1161 ± 388	541 ± 17	70

Methodology & results: The ICP-MS analysis of a PM<sub>2.5</sub> sample collected onto a quartz fiber filter for 10 days in a common room located in an elderly home by ICP-MS after microwave-assisted aqua regia acid digestion and sonication provided the following results:

LOQ = limit of quantitation. Crustal rock composition according to Moore and Mason has also been provided.

Questions and tasks:

- 1. Why was determination of AI not possible in the samples?
- 2. Calculate the water-solubility percent of the elements determined in the sample. Which elements presented larger water-solubility? Discuss with your peers what could be the reasons for that for 3 elements.
- 3. Calculate the crustal enrichment factor for the elements determined indoors. Based on the results calculated, the occurrence of which elements can be related to anthropogenic activities and which ones to resuspension of soil dust?
- 4. In spite of the fact that sampling was performed in a commonly shared space by the elderly, one banned activity in public spaces was on-going. What could be that activity?
- 5. The concentration of major inorganic ions by ion chromatography in the water-soluble fraction in the elderly home as well as in an office in Budapest, Hungary, was the following:

lon	concentration (μg/m <sup>3</sup> )				
	Elderly home	Office in Budapest			
Cl-	0.31	0.06			
NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	0.50	1.58			
SO4 <sup>2-</sup>	4.20	2.40			
Na⁺	0.57	0.11			
$NH_4^+$	1.10	0.73			
K <sup>+</sup>	0.12	0.11			
Ca <sup>2+</sup> Mg <sup>2+</sup>	0.33	0.27			
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	0.02	0.07			

Based on the major inorganic ion concentration, indicate the possible location of the elderly home.

- a) rural where biomass burning was performed during PM sampling
- b) urban next to an oil refinery
- c) the elderly had a nice view from their window to the sea
- d) urban next to a coal combustion-based power plant

#### **IV. Five finger feedback – instructions**



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#### Transcript of the feedback of participants

What went well? - Organization practical work in laboratory What caught my attention? What would I like to add? - TD GCMS What went wrong? Negative feedback? - Nothing went wrong What do I take home? - Knowledge about TD GCMS What did not get enough attention? - Other techniques for the termination of indoor air pollutants

What went well? – Experiments, laboratory visit What caught my attention? – chemistry, experiments What went wrong? Negative feedback? - stand on food too long What do I take home? – TD-GCMS, ICPMS very new for me What did not get enough attention? - I need to work on calculations

What went well? – everything What caught my attention? – the lectures What went wrong? Negative feedback? - nothing What do I take home? – knowledge What did not get enough attention? - nothing

What went well? - laboratory part I really liked experiments and instrument fashion show. Sampling demonstration and tasks in the end of course.

What caught my attention? – Laboratory, instruments, lecturers expertise

What would I like to add? - More tasks like the last one where we had to calculate actual pollution in environment

What went wrong? - This time nothing

What do I take home? - Everything. I really liked this course and laboratories and tasks. I learned a lot

What did not get enough attention? - Maybe health effects but for that you need health specialists. Yes, pollution connection to health effects.

What went well? - I really like the family atmosphere everybody in the group and trainers are very nice people. I also like the way this training was divided first we get some theoretical base later we did practical training and at the end we shared the results. I also very liked coffees and lunch breaks. The training was very good organized.

What caught my attention? - The most I liked the second day where we went to the company and we could see the work outside of the Academy. I really learned a lot of new things.

What went wrong? - Nothing

What do I take home after this training I have really a lot of ideas I get the new knowledge in my research field and also new contacts What did not get enough attention? - Nothing.

What went well? - In my opinion everything was really good and well organized What caught my attention? - Knowledge about TD GCMS and new friendship What went wrong? - Nothing went wrong

What do I take home? - My attention called ICPMS. It was really good presentation and demonstration about it

What did not get enough attention? - Everything went well organization group atmosphere it was really good everything nothing went wrong

thank you so much. A really good experience What went well? - everything What caught my attention? - very interesting visit at FEPTEST

What went wrong? -really good experience but too much information in three days another day would be great

What do I take home? - lot of things GC very useful because we have one in our lab What did not get enough attention? - again an extremely good experience but more lab work I know it is difficult maybe

What went well? - I thought the location was very good not often these things are hosted in Hungary. Good length of time 2.5 days perfect. Really enjoyed it. Victor was an incredible host very knowledgeable and great man

What caught my attention? - I thought the trip to the successful here were lab was cool getting to see an industrialized lab not just an academic 1

What went wrong? - although I like the lab you were on your feet for most of the day and you could see people were very tired

What do I take home? - the different analytical sampling methods for air pollution how when why where to use them and got an in depth look at the instruments and sampling in action

What did not get enough attention? - not much really maybe talk more about IC HPLC but I think everything was covered in good detail

What went well? - overall organization was super the practical lab visit and activity was very beneficial. Lectures were informative especially the ones about different pollutants and how to detect and evaluate them.

What caught my attention? The training on using GCMS caught my attention it was very effective although time was short, but we learned a lot. I would add some practical parts where participants can use other tools or equipments, sensors What went wrong? - really, I don't have any negative point to mention What do I take home? - I take home a lot of things such as new relationships lots of knowledge about indoor air I know how to use and interpret data from GCMS great idea came to my mind for my future work during draining What did not get enough attention? - the ICP training for me was not totally

informative maybe because of lack of knowledge I had about it

What went well? - the organization (three-day program theory hands on analysis) What caught my attention? - mostly day three ambient PM banana curve sorry Peter you were perfect but possible I will use this banana thing What went wrong? - in the day two the lab didn't have enough chairs What do I take home? - and lots of new knowledge What did not get enough attention? - ?

What went well? - I learned a lot of new things out of my normal skills What caught my attention? - the experience at the platform for aerosol research and training What went wrong? - I didn't receive the last program but it is not a real problem What do I take home? - that I've lot of things to learn What did not get enough attention? - nothing to report

What went well? - overall thank you very much for this amazing training What caught my attention? - I've got a lot of experiences from this training such as to meet amazing mentor meet new friends from another country and of course I learn about air indoor pollution

What went wrong? - there is negative feedback, but I think it is necessary to give more group tasks maybe one task per day

What do I take home? - I do love the lab visiting and watch volunteer do something like preparation of sample etc.

What did not get enough attention? - nothing

What went well? - all went well

What caught my attention?

What went wrong? - I would have liked to do some real more lab works What do I take home? - I learned a lot of about sample preparation and instrumentation

What did not get enough attention? -

What went well? - in my opinion this ECI training school was generally organized very well. I really appreciated the visit at the FEPTEST laboratory because in this way we had the possibility to see the instrumentation used for sampling and especially for the analytical determinations.

What caught my attention? -The practical demonstration totally caught my attention since I could discuss about some problems during analysis make some questions and obtain satisfying responses. Also, the lectures were presented in a comprehensive and exhaustive way although this first part was more boring. I really like also the quiz performed during the third day it was engaging and we had the possibility to discuss about what we saw in the practical activities. Thanks!

What went wrong? -

What do I take home? -

What did not get enough attention? -

What went well? - everything thanks for this nice location

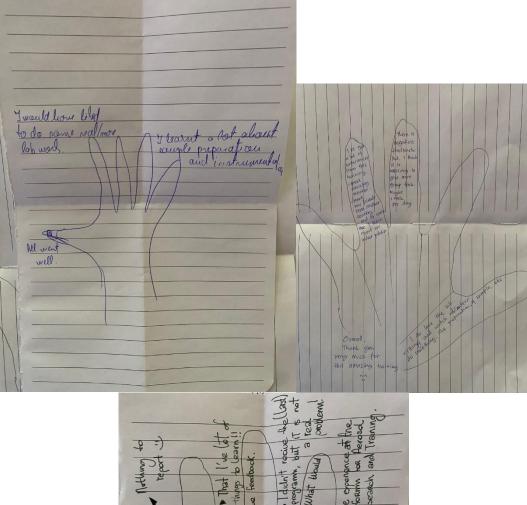
What caught my attention? tubes sampling

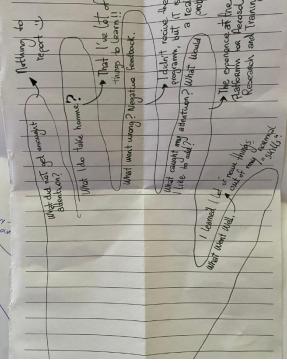
What went wrong? - sometimes program was too long to hold attention What do I take home? - maybe I try to add some new methods for my research What did not get enough attention? - microbial contamination measuring What went well? - everything was well the lectures were well prepared interesting What caught my attention? - the preparation of the samples and their analysis caught my attention What went wrong? - don't get me wrong I want to give you this information, but everything was perfect

What do I take home? - I will take a new knowledge more respect for chemists What did not get enough attention? - instrumentation and instruments were not my cup of tea not the presentation but still very important. Thank you!

1. What went well ! dabordory part. I really lined experments DNO 5. What clid not get chaugh attention? TH and instrument fashin show" Saul Sampling demonstration and tasks in the end of course ND CAUPE Hayle health effects, but for that you accel health spicialist. Yes, pollution conection to health effects. RE Gf. 2. What caught my attention ? SPEC HEAL'S Saboratory, instruments Lecturers expertice Whent would I live to add? Where tasks live the last one where we have to calculate. actual pollution in envirionment. 2011 MENTS 3. What went wrong ? This time nothing TON 1 4. What des I take houre? Every thing I really lited this course and datoratories and 12 RTAN; tasks. I leaved a lot. Cong DON'T GET NEWRONG I WANT TO GIVE YOU TH'S INFORMATION ! West BUT ... OVERYTHING WAS PERFECT !!! I WILL THEE + NE ENOWLEDGE. 2D NOLE RESPECT THE CHEMISI'S NENTHING WAS WERE THE RECTURES WERE A WERE PREPARED A WERE PREPARED INTERESTONG IN TRUMENTARION B 4ND INSTRUMENTS WORE NOT MY EUPOFTER NOT THE PRESENTATION ! Par C BUT STILL VORY IMPORTA 3 Fridown's THANK YON !!!

some prices togen way be long to held apenies those I to be all some our methods and some our methods piles gampling In my pinion, this to training shall was gener aganised a very well. appreciated the visit at the really teptat sobratory because in this way had the psychiaty to see the ve instrumentation were for sampling and especially for the analytical determinations. The practical demonstration totally Cought my attention since I about some problems during enalytig make volleting and stain extisting responses. could discuss All v we Aljo the lectures were prejented in 2) completion five and exaliptive way, and according this first part deventue "baing"... I really like also the gut performed during the third day; it was engaging during the third day; it was engaging about what we that an paw in the practical activities. -thanks! fa





In the day-2 the lab disn't had enorgh chairs Lots of new Knowledge Mothy Joy-3 Autoiene pm Banava curre Vory Peter You wae perfect o but possible I willo barana thug use the barana thug 1 andly I don't done to 2 Fall for - liter film - rewriters of m - Lot of Kaswidge a - E Know - we have The organizater (3 day program 14) (3 day program 14) theory - analysis The ring of white ing of 10 west of the set of the stry of the set of the set of the trans and set of The ECP-13 training to ma stars not retails informatic proof to become of land of Kindebledget that about it. . E works and a since practiced parts where parts into the use of the tools of appindents (1700000 5). Manipation Was suple. The practical Cill Sit and activity a VUry bush I. P. . Lectures Wice angonative see don't stiffered VISIT FOMTER VERY EVERESTATING THANK MUCH INFORMATION IN 3 DAYF. ANOTHON WOULD BE GORAS Although I liked the lab, you were as your just for most of the day and you laid see prople were very fixed. INTERESTING I thought the trip to the Saikes) thirting in the war cal, getting to see an industriated labor not just an the academic one. yte The different analytical sampling methods for air follation. New, the we then ped get an in-depth back at the instruments + sampling in action. 6000 REALLY 404 EXPERIENCE 9999 it I thought the location way very good, not given those things are hoted in Hungary. EXTERNENCE LOT OF HAVE ONE IN OUR LAR MORE 5 1 Not much really, maybe talk more about RC/MPCC, but I think weighting with (wered is your datail. Greed length of time (2.5 days) perfect. Really enjoyed it. IN CIPILTA 6000 DIFFICULT THING. YAGAN AN EXTEEMELY TUB MORK EXRENCE Þ Viktor was an incredible hot, very knowledgable + great man. PEALLY 60 PUJ MAYBE VERY 1 KNOW BUT PAY 100

